

# IS-850R2UPD8UC Redundant Power Supply

(CRPS 2U 850W 1+1)

# **SPECIFICATION**

Revision: 0.1

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## 1. General

This specification defines the performance characteristics and functions of a 850 watts CRPS form factor of switch mode redundant power supply with Active PFC (Power Factor Correction) and PMBus (Power Management Bus). Support 1+1 operation.

- 80 PLUS Platinum efficiency
- Active Power Factor  $PF \ge 0.95$
- 0~50°C Working Temperature
- Surge: 2KV(L/N-PE) & 1KV(L-N)
- Altitude : 5000M
- 1+1 Redundant Design
- PMBus™ communication
- Protections: UVP 、 OVP 、 OCP 、 OTP 、 SCP
- MTBF > 250,000 hours at  $25^{\circ}$ C typical load
- Application: Server, Storage , Networking , IPC
- Meet IEC-62368-1

#### **Electrical Specification**

MODEL			IS-850R2UPD8UC	
AIRFLOW			Back To Front	
	Voltage Range		90~264Vac	
	Operation Volta	age	100~240Vac	
	Frequency Range		47~63Hz	
	AC Current (Full Load)		9A/115Vac, 4.5A/230Vac at full load	
	Inrush Current		30A peak @115Vac 50A peak @230Vac	
			Cold start at full load	
INPLIT	Power Factor(Typ.)		≥0.95/115Vac, ≥0.95/230Vac at full load	
	Leakage Current		<3.5mA/240Vac	
		20% Load		
		50% Load		
	Efficiency	100% Load	85%	
	(тур.)	Certification		

	DC Voltage	+12V	+5V	+3.3V	-12V	+5VSB		
	Maximum Load	70.8A	20A	20A	0.5A	3A		
	Minimum Load	1A	0A	0A	0A	0A		
	Power Output			850W				
	Ripple & Noise	120mV	50mV	50mV	120mV	50mV		
OUIPUI	Output Voltage Tolerance	±5%	±5%	±5%	±5%	±5%		
	Line Regulation	±1%						
	Load Regulation	±5%						
	Turn On Time And Rise Time	<3s,20ms	@115Vac/23	0Vac at full	load			
	Hold Up Time	≥12ms@1 <sup>•</sup>	15Vac at 70°	% load				
	Short Circuit Protection	Latch Off						
PROTECTION	Over Current Protection	Latch Off						
	Over Voltage Protection	Latch Off						
	Operation Temperature	0 ~ 50°C						
	Storage Temperature	-40 ~ 80°C						
ENVIRONMENT	Humidity	Operating: 20% ~ 90%RH non-condensing						
		Non-Operating: 5% ~ 95%RH non-condensing						
	TEMP. Coefficient	<b>±0.03%/</b> °C	<b>(0~50</b> °C <b>)</b>					
	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15	Conductor	d Class B					
EMC	Sub Part B	Radiated Class B						
	EN55024/EN55032							
HI-POT	Dielectric Withstand Voltage	3sec / 1.5k	VAC or 254	5VDC with	a trigger lim	it of 10mA.		
SURGE	EN61000-4-5	Line to Line : 1KV						
VOLTAGE		Line-to-Ground: 2KV, Performance Criteria B						
	MTBF	250Khrs m	nin SR332(2	5°C)				
	Dimension	230mm (L) x 76mm (W) x 84mm (H)						
OTHERS	Weight	1800g						
	AC connector	IEC320 C1	4 type 3pin	connector				
	DC output connector	Oupiin 9393-F4P50N11ACB30DA						

## 2. AC Input Requirement

### 2.1 Input Voltage and Frequency

Voltage (sinusoidal): 100~240 Vac full range, with ±10% tolerance. Input frequency ranges from 47Hz~63Hz

## 2.2 Input AC Connector

The AC inlet is a IEC320 C14 type 3pin connector. This inlet shall be rated for operation at 10A/250Vac

#### Figure 1: AC Inlet



#### 2.3 AC Input Current And Inrush Current

AC line inrush current shall not damage any component nor cause the AC line fuse to blow under any DC conditions and with any specified AC line input voltage and frequency. Inrush current is tested at 25  $^{\circ}$ C ambient and cold start within 1/4 AC cycle. Repetitive On/Off cycling of the AC input voltage shall not damage the power supply.

Parameter	Minimum Input	Input Voltage	Maximum Input	Brown In	Brown Out
115Vac	90Vac	100~120Vac	132Vac	85Vac ±5Vac	80Vac ±5Vac
230Vac	180Vac	200~240Vac	264Vac		
Frequency	47Hz	50/60Hz	63Hz		

#### Table 1: Rated output power for each input voltage range

#### Table 2: Maximum input current

Input Voltage	Input Current	Maximum Inrush Current	Max Power	Peak Power
90~132Vac	9A@115Vac	30A*peak@115Vac	850W	935W, ≤12ms
180~264Vac	4.5A@230Vac	50A*peak @230Vac	850W	935W, ≤12ms

\*:Redundant Power Module

### 2.4 Input Power Factor Correction (Active PFC)

The power factor at 100% of rated load shall be  $\geq$  0.95 at nominal input voltage and full load.

#### 2.5 AC Line Transient Specification

AC line transient conditions are characterized as "sag" and "surge" conditions. Sag conditions (also referred to as "brownout" conditions) will be defined as the AC line voltage dropping below nominal voltage. Surge conditions will be defined as the AC line voltage rising above nominal voltage. The power supply shall meet the regulation requirements under the following AC line sag and surge conditions.

Duration	Sag	Operating AC Voltage	Line Frequency	Load	Performance Criteria
Continuous	10%	115/230Vac	60/50 Hz	100%	No loss of function or performance
0 - ½ AC cycle	95%	115/230Vac	60/50 Hz	70%	No loss of function or performance
> 1 AC cycle	> 30%	115/230Vac	60/50 Hz	100%	Loss of function Acceptable, Self- recoverable

#### Table 3: AC Line Sag Transient Performance

Duration	Surge	Operating AC Voltage	Line Frequency	Performance Criteria
Continuous	10%	115/230Vac	60/50 Hz	No loss of function
0 - ½ AC cycle	30%	115/230Vac	50/60 Hz	or performance

## 3. DC Output Specification

### 3.1 Output Power / Current

Table 5: Load Range						
Voltoro						
voltage	Min Load	Max Load				
+12V	1A	70.8A				
+5V	0A	20A	The +3.3, +5 Volt total outputs			
+3.3V	0A	20A	shall not exceed 150W.			
+5Vsb	0A	3A				
-12V	0A	0.5A				

\* The +12V,+3.3V, +5V and -12Volt total outputs shall not exceed 850W.

### 3.2 Voltage Regulation, Ripple and Noise

#### Table 6: Regulation, Ripple and Noise

Output Voltage	+12V	+5V	+3.3V	+5Vsb	-12V
Load Reg.	±5%	±5%	±5%	±5%	±5%
Line Reg.	±1%	±1%	±1%	±1%	±1%
Ripple & Noise	120mV	50mV	50mV	50mV	120mV

Ripple and noise shall be measured using the following methods:

- Measurements made differentially to eliminate common-mode noise
- Ground lead length of oscilloscope probe shall be  $\leq$  0.25 inch.
- Measurements made where the cable connectors attach to the load.
- Outputs bypassed at the point of measurement with a parallel combination of 10uF tantalum capacitor in parallel with 0.1uF ceramic capacitors at each point of measurement. The measurement points shall be as close as possible to the point of load..
- Oscilloscope bandwidth of 0 Hz to 20MHz.
- Measurements measured at locations where remote sense wires are connected.
- Regulation tolerance shall include temperature change, warm up drift and dynamic load

#### 3.3 Capacitive Loading

The power supply shall operate within specifications over the capacitive loading ranges defined below in

Output	MIN	МАХ	Units
+12V	10	11,000	uF
+5V	10	12,000	uF
+3.3V	10	12,000	uF
+5Vsb	1	350	uF
-12V	1	350	uF

Table 7: Capacitive Loading Conditions

#### 3.4 Dynamic Loading

T The output voltages shall remain within the limits specified in Table-Regulation, ripple and noise for the step loading and within the limits specified in Table-Transient Load Requirement for the capacitive loading. The load transient repetition rate shall be tested between 50Hz and 5kHz at duty cycle 50%. The load transient repetition rate is only a test specification. The  $\Delta$  step load may occur anywhere within the MIN load to the MAX load shown in Table-Load Range.

Output	∆Step Load Size	Load Slew Rate	Capacitive Load
+12V	50% of Max. Load	0.5 A/uS	2200 uF
+5V	30% of Max. Load	0.5 A/uS	1000 uF
+3.3V	30% of Max. Load	0.5 A/uS	1000 uF
+5Vsb	50% of Max. Load	1.0 A/uS	20 uF

#### 3.5 Overshoot at Turn-on/Turn-off

Any output overshoot at turn on shall be less than 10% of the nominal output value. Any overshoot shall recover to be within regulation requirements in less than 10ms.

#### 3.6 Timing Requirements

These are the timing requirements for the power supply operation. The output voltages must rise from 10% to within regulation limits (Tvout\_rise) within 1 to 20ms. For 5Vsb, it is allowed to rise from 1 to 25ms.Both outputs must rise monotonically. Refer to Figure 2 below which shows the timing requirements for the power supply being turned on and off via the input power, with PSON held low and the PSON signal, with the input power applied.





ltem	Description	MIN	MAX	UNITS
<b>-</b>	Output voltage rise time from each main output	1	20	mS
I vout_rise	Output voltage rise time for the +5Vsb output	1	25	mS
Tsb_on-delay	Delay from AC being applied to +5Vsb being within regulation.		1500	mS
Tac_on-delay	Delay from AC being applied to all output voltages being within regulation.		2500	mS
Tvout_holdup	Time all output voltage stay within regulation after loss of AC tested at 70% load.	12		mS
Tpwok_holdup	Delay from loss of AC deassertion of PW_OK tested at 70% load.	11		mS
Tpson_on_delay	Delay from PS_ON# active to output voltage within regulation limits.	5	400	mS
Tpson_pwok	Delay from PS_ON# deactive to PW_OK being deasserted.		50	mS
Tpwok_on	Delay from output voltage within regulation limits to PW_OK asserted at turn on.	100	500	mS
Tpwok_off	Delay from PW_OK deasserted to output voltages dropping out of regulation limits measured at 70% of maximum load	1		mS
Tpwok_low	Duration of PW_OK being in the deasserted state during an off/on cycle using AC or the PSON# signal	100		mS
Tsb_vout	Delay from +5Vsb being in regulation to O/Ps being in regulation at AC turn on.	50	1000	mS

#### Table 9: Timing Requirements

## 3.7 Control Signal and Other DC Signals

## 3.7.1 PG Signal (PW\_OK)

The power supply shall provide TTL compatible PW\_OK signal to the system. Low pass filter (104 capacitor is recommended) shall be added into the PW\_OK signal to suppress the high frequency noise to keep the high level absolutely. However, this low pass filter shall be used in PSU or motherboard PW\_OK circuit. Therefore, supplier must be subject to add this low pass filter in the PW\_OK input circuit of motherboard if it cannot be added in PSU circuit due to the re-layout difficulty.

Signal Type	TTL Compatible Output Signal		
PW_OK = High	Power OK		
PW_OK = Low	Power Not OK		
	MIN	MAX	
Logical low voltage , Isink = 4mA	0V	0.4V	
Logical high voltage , Isource = 4mA	2.4V	3.46V	
PW_OK rise and fall time	-	100uS	
High-state output impedance	Internal PSU to provide a pull-up resistor between 5Vsb and PW_OK		

#### Table 10: PW\_OK TTL Characteristics

### 3.7.2 PS\_ON# Signal

PS\_ON# signal is required to remotely turn on/off the power supply module / PDB Combo. PS\_ON# is an active low signal that turns on the +12V power rail and other DC to DC converters on the PDB. When this signal is not pulled low by the system, or left open, all the outputs (except for 5Vsb) shall be turned off. This signal is pulled to a 5Vsb voltage by a pull-up resistor internal to the PDB. Refer to Figure 2 On/Off Timing for timing diagram.

Table11: PS	_ON# TTL	Signal	<b>Characteristics</b>
-------------	----------	--------	------------------------

Signal type	Accepts an open collector/drain input from the system.		
Signal type	Pull-up to 5Vsb located in power supply.		
PS_ON# = Low	Power ON		
PS_ON# = Open or High	Power OFF		
	MIN MAX		
Logic level low (power supply ON)	0V	0.8V	
Logic level high (power supply OFF)	2.4V	3.46V	
Source current, Vpson = low	-	4mA	

Note: When the ON / OFF switching of the PS\_ON# signal, Interval cycle time must be > 1Sec.

## 3.7.3 SMB\_Alert# Signal

This signal indicates that the power supply is experiencing a problem that the user should investigate. This shall be asserted due to Critical events or Warning events and that power supply is operating in an environment exceeding the specified limits. This signal is to be asserted in parallel with LED turning solid red.

Signal Type (Active Low)	TTL Compatible Output Signal	
SMB_Alert# = High		OK
SMB_Alert# = Low	Alert to System	
	MIN	МАХ
Logic level low voltage, Isink=4 mA	0V	0.4V
Logic level high voltage, Isource=50uA	2.0V	3.46V
Sink current, SMB_Alert# = low	-	4mA
Source current, SMB_Alert# = high	-	50uA
SMB_Alert# rise and fall time	-	100uS

#### Table12: SMB\_ALERT# Signal Characteristics

#### 3.7.4 SCL and SDA Signal

PMBus device uses System Management Bus (SMBus) Version 2.0, for transport layer, which is a two-wire communication protocol based on I2C. Both SCL and SDL lines are bi-directional, connected to a positive supply voltage through a pull-up resistor or a current source.

#### Table13: SCL and SDA Signal Characteristics

Signal Type	TTL Compatible	
Operating Frequency	100KHz/400KHz	
	MIN	МАХ
Data Clock Input Low Voltage, (Vil)	0V	0.8V
Data Clock Input High Voltage (Vih)	2.4V	VDD
Data Clock Output Low Voltage (Vol)	-	0.4V
Input Leakage (Ileak)	-	±5uA
Current Through Pull-Up Resistor Or	-	4mA
Current Source (Ipullup)		
Nominal Bus Voltage (VDD)	-	3.46V

Note: For proper I2C communication, system designer must take account of all I2C devices connected to I2C bus and calculate appropriate pull-up resistors value that satisfy with above rating.

### 3.7.5 TTL Indicators

There shall be an open-collect TTL to indicate power supply status. The TTL shall pull high to 3.3V indicate that all the power outputs are available or one module is dummy. The TTL shall pull low(under 0.8V) indicate that one module has failed or shutdown due to protection. The standard backplane provides a single TTL output signal.

Power system condition	TTL Status
No AC input power to one power module	Low
One power module not inserted or pulled out	Low
AC Input present/only standby mode	Low
Power module PS ON and output normal	High
Any power module failure	Low

#### 3.8 Efficiency

The power supply must be not less than 85% efficient at maximum load, tested at 230Vac/50Hz Input at 25 deg ambient condition.

FAN power is not included into total power consumption.

Efficiency as follows :

#### Table 14: Efficiency

Load	20% @230Vac	50% @230Vac	100% @230Vac
Efficiency (Module)	-	-	85%

## 4. Protection Circuits

Protection circuits inside the power supply shall cause only the power supply's main outputs to shutdown. If the power supply latches off due to a protection circuit tripping, an AC cycle OFF for 15 sec and a PSON<sup>#</sup> cycle HIGH for 1 sec must be able to restart the power supply.

## 4.1 Over Current Protection (OCP)

The power supply shall have current limit to prevent the +12V outputs from exceeding the values shown in *Table-Over Current Protection.* The power supply shall latch off if the current exceeds the limit.

#### Table 15: Over Current Protection

Voltage	Minimum	Maximum	Shutdown Mode
5VSB (1+1)	3.6A	5A	Auto-recovery
+12V , +5V , +3.3V	110%	130%	Latch Off

## 4.2 Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

The power supply is protected against over voltage due to an internal regulator failure. When an over voltage condition is detected, all DC outputs are disabled (except the +5 Vsb). The fault

must be removed to restore the DC outputs. The Limits set forth in the following table.

Voltage	Minimum	Maximum	Shutdown Mode
+12V	+13.3V	+14.5V	Latch Off
+5V	+5.5V	+6V	Latch Off
+3.3V	+3.9V	+4.5V	Latch Off

#### Table 16: Over Voltage Protection

## **4.3 Short Circuit Protection**

- The power supply shall be no physical damage when +12V, +3.3V and +5V, is shorted to its DC return.
- +5Vsb shall be Auto Restart when short condition is removed.

## 4.4 No Load Operation

No damage or hazardous condition should occur with all the DC output connectors disconnected from the load.

## **4.5 Over Temperature Protection (OTP)**

The power supply will be Auto Recovery when an over temperature condition is removed; no damage shall be caused.

## 5. Environmental Requirements

#### 5.1 Temperature

Operating Ambient, normal mode (inlet air): 0°C ~ 50°C (32°F~ 122°F) Non-operating Ambient:: -40°C ~ 80°C (-40°F~ 176°F)

### 5.2 Humidity

Operating: 20% ~ 90%RH non-condensing Non-Operating: 5% ~ 95%RH non-condensing

### 5.3 Altitude

Operating: 16,404 ft (5000M)

### 5.4 Mechanical Shock

Non-Operating: 50 G Trapezoidal Wave, 11mS half sin wave. The shock is to be applied in each of the orthogonal axes.

## 5.5 Vibration (Non-Operating)

The power supply shall be subjected to a vibration test consisting of a 10 to 300 Hz sweep at a constant acceleration of 2.0g for duration of one (1) hour for each of the perpendicular axes X, Y and Z (0.1 octave/minute). The output voltages shall remain within specification.

### 5.6 Reliability

The MTBF of the power supply shall be calculated utilizing the Part-Stress Analysis method of SR332. The calculated MTBF of the power supply shall be greater than 250,000 hours under the following Conditions: Full rated load; 120Vac input; 25°C; ; Without Fan

Electromagnetic Interference	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Sub Part B EN55032/EN55024	Conducted Class B Radiated Class B	
Harmonics	IEC61000-3-2 Class D		
Flicker	IEC61000-3-3		
ESD Susceptibility	EN-61000-4-2	±8KV by Air, ±4KV by Contact Performance Criteria B	
Radiated Susceptibility	EN61000-4-3	80MHz~1000MHz (3V/m(mns) Amplitude 80% AM 1KHz Criteria A	
EFT/Burst	EN61000-4-4	5KHz, AC: 1KV, DC: 0,5 KV, Performance Criteria B	
Surge Voltage	EN61000-4-5	Line to Line : 1KV Line-to-Ground: 2KV, Performance Criteria B	
Conducted Susceptibility	EN61000-4-6	50 Hz/3A(ms)/m Performance Criteria A	
RF Conducted	EN61000-4-8	0.15MHz~80MHz 3V/m Amplitude 80% AM 1KHz Performance Criteria A	

### 5.7 Electromagnetic Compatibility

#### Table 17: EMC Requirements

Voltage Dips and Interruptions		30%(Voltage Dips)1060%(Voltage Dips)10	10 ms	Criteria B
	EN61000-4-11		100ms	Criteria C
		>95%(Voltage Dips)	500ms	Criteria C
Leakage Current EN60950-1 3.		3.5mA@240Vac		

### 5.8 Safety Agency Requirements

This power supply is designed to meet the following safety

Table 18: Product Safety		
Product Safety:	• CB: IEC 60950-1:2005 (2nd Edition); Am 2:2013	
	• TUV: EN60950-1/A12:2011	
	• UL: UL60950-1, 2nd Edition, 2011-12-19	
	CCC: GB4943.1-2011 GB9254-2008 GB17625.1-2003	
	• IEC62368-1	

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## 6. PMBus Command Codes

## 6.1 PMBus Command Codes For Module

( Detailed settings, please refer to the Module Description )

### 6.2 PMBus Command Codes For PDB

#### Table 19– PMBus Command Codes (Module)

Command	Command	<b>SMBus Transaction</b>	Number of	Decode
Code	Name	Туре	Data Bytes	Format
00h	PAGE	R/W Byte	1	U8
03h	CLEAR_FAULTS	Send Byte	0	-
19h	CAPABILITY	Read Byte	1	Byte
20h	VOUT_MODE	Read Byte	1	Byte
1Ah	QUERY	Process Call	1	Byte
79h	STATUS_WORD	Read Word	2	Word
7Ah	STATUS_VOUT	Read Byte	1	Byte
7Bh	STATUS_IOUT	Read Byte	1	Byte
7Dh	STATUS_TEMPERATURE	Read Byte	1	Byte
8Bh	READ_VOUT	Read Word	2	Linear Vout
8Ch	READ_IOUT	Read Word	2	Linear
8Dh	READ_TEMPERATURE_1	Read Word	2	Linear
96h	READ_POUT	Read Word	2	Linear

99h	MFR_ID	Block Read	8	ASCII
9Ah	MFR_MODEL	Block Read	13	ASCII
9Bh	MFR_REVSION	Block Read	2	ASCII
9Eh	MFR_SERIAL	Block Read	13	ASCII
A7h	MFR_POUT_MAX	Read Word	2	Linear
A8h	MFR_TAMBIENT_MAX	Read Word	2	Linear

### 6.2.1 PAGE Command (00h)

The page command provides the ability to configure, control and monitor through only one physical address either:

- Multiple outputs on one unit or

-Multiple non-PMBus devices through a PMBus device to non-PMBus device adapter or bridge.

Pages 00h through 1Fh are reserved specifically for multiple outputs on a device with a single physical address.

PMBUS command valid for PAGE member: READ\_VOUT READ\_IOUT READ\_POUT STATUS\_VOUT STATUS\_IOUT

PAGE	READ_VOUT	READ_IOUT	READ_POUT	STATUS_VOUT	STATUS_IOUT
00h	12V	12V	12V	12V	12V
01h	VSB	VSB	VSB	VSB	VSB
02h	5V	5V	5V	5V	5V
03h	3.3V	3.3V	3.3V	3.3V	3.3V
04h	-12V	Х	Х	-12V	Х

#### Table 21 : PAGE Command (00h)

Bit Number	Value	Meaning
7	1	Packet Error Checking is supported
[6:5]	00b	Maximum supported bus speed is 00 kHz
4	1	The device does have a SMBALERT# pin and does support the
		SMBus Alert Response protocol
[3:0]	Х	Reserved

#### Table 24 : Contents in 19h (CAPABILITY)Command Code

#### Table 25 : Contents in 20h (VOUT\_MODE) Command Code

Mode	Bits [7:5]	Bits [4:0] (Parameter)
Linear	000b	Five bit two's complement exponent for the mantissa
		delivered as the data bytes for an output voltage related
		command.



Note:

The Mode bits are set to 000b.

The Voltage(ex.12V\_OUT, VSB\_OUT), in volts, is calculated from the equation:

### Voltage = V x 2<sup>n</sup>

Where:

Voltage is the parameter of interest in volts;

V is a 16 bit unsigned binary integer; and

N is a 5 bit two's complement binary integer.

#### Table 26: Contents in 1Ah (QUERY)Command Code

Bit Number	Value	Meaning
7	1	Command is supported
6	1	Command is supported for write
5	1	Command is supported for read
[4:2]	000b	Linear Data Format used
[1:0]	Х	Reserved

Byte	Bit	Status Bit Name	Meaning
	Number		
Low	7	Reserved	Return=0
	6	OFF	The Unit Main Power OFF = 1
	0	OFF	;Power ON = 0;
	Б		An output overvoltage fault has occurred = 1
	5	VOUT_OV_FAULT	; Normal = 0
	4	IOUT_OC_FAULT	An output overcurrent fault has occurred = 1; Normal=0
	3	Reserved	Return=0
	2	Temperature	A Temperature fault or warning has occurred=1; Normal=0
	[1:0]	Reserved	Return=0
High	7	VOUT	An output voltage fault or warning has occurred=1; Normal=0
	6	IOUT	An output current fault or warning has occurred=1; Normal=0
	5	Reserved	Return=0
	4	Reserved	Return=0
	3	POWER_GOOD#	The POWER_GOOD signal is OK = 0;;FAIL = 1
	2	Reserved	Return=0
	[1:0]	Reserved	Return=0

## Table 27: Contents in 79h (STATUS\_WORD)Command Code

## Table 28 : Contents in 7Ah (STATUS\_VOUT)Command Code

Bit Number	Status Bit Name	Meaning
7	VOUT_OV_FAULT	Normal = 0
		12V_V > 13.4V
		5V_V > 5.75V
		3.3V_V > 3.8V
		N12V_V > -10.8V = 1;
6	VOUT_OV_WARNING	Normal = 0
		12V_V > 12.6V
		5V_V > 5.5V
		3.3V_V > 3.63V
		N12V_V > -11.4V = 1;
5	VOUT_UV_WARNING	Normal = 0
		12V_V < 11.4V
		5V_V < 4.5V
		3.3V_V < 2.97V
		N12V_V < -12.6V = 1 ;
4	VOUT_UV_FAULT	Normal = 0

		12V_V < 10.8V
		5V_V < 3.75V
		3.3V_V < 2.5V
		N12V_V < -13.4V = 1 ;
[3:0]	Reserved	Return=0

#### Table 29: Contents in 7Bh (STATUS\_IOUT)Command Code

Bit Number	Status Bit Name	Meaning
7	IOUT_OC_FAULT	Normal = 0
		12V_I > 85A
		5V_I > 26A
		3.3V_I > 26A = 1 ;
6	Reserved	Return=0
5	IOUT_OC_WARNING	Normal = 0
		12V_I > 78A
		5V_I > 22A
		3.3V_I > 22A = 1;
[4:1]	Reserved	Return=0

#### Table 31: PDB PMBUS Adrress

	PDB address
IPMI FRU Device(Optional)	0xAC
MCU Device	0xBE

Note : PMBus device of addressing the above specifications are 8-bit Description

#### 6.2.3 Sensor Accuracy

The sensor of the power supply shall meet below accuracy requirements for sensor readings.

Full-scale Accuracy			
Item	Load ≤ 20%	Load > 20%	Full-Scale value
Vin	±5%	±5%	264Vac
lin	±10%	±5%	10A
Pin	±10%	±5%	1000W
Vout	±5%	±5%	12V
lout	±5%	±5%	70.8A
Pout	±5%	±5%	850W
Temp.	<b>±5</b> ℃	<b>±5</b> ℃	N/A

Note : Full-scale Accuracy (%FS)= ( Difference Value / Full-scale Value ) x 100%

## **Appendix I. Data Format Description**

The Linear Data Format is typically used for commanding and reporting the parameters such as (but not only) the following:

- Input Voltage (V)
- Input Current (A)
- Input Power (W)
- Output Current (A)
- Output Power(W)
- FAN Speed (RPM)
- Temperature(°C)
- Any Warning Limit

#### The Linear Data Format is a two byte value with:

An 11 bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5 bit, two's complement exponent (scaling factor).

The format of the two data bytes is illustrated in Figure



The relation between Y, N and the "real world" value is:

X = Y–2 N

Where, as described above:

X is the "real world" value;

Y is an 11 bit, two's complement integer; and

N is a 5 bit, two's complement integer.

Devices that use the Linear format must accept and be able to process any value of N.

## 7. MFR Information

#### Table 32 MFR Meaning

( Detailed settings, please refer to the Module Description )

$\mathbf{v}$ , $\mathbf{v}$			
Command Code	Command Name	Meaning	
9Bh	MFR_REVSION	A0 ~ Z9	
9Eh	MFR_SERIAL	TYMMEXXXX1234 (Digit = 13)	
A7h	MFR_POUT_MAX	850 (W)	
A8h	MFR_TAMBIENT_MAX	50 (°C)	

#### Table 33 MFR Meaning (For PDB) PDB

## 8. FRU Data Format (Optional)

For identification of the power supply an internal 256x8 bit EEPROM with PMBus interface is used. The information in the EEPROM follows the IPMI (Platform Management FRU Information Storage Definition) guidelines Document Revision 1.1 from November 15, 1999 and Siemens Norm SN77250. The PSU's FRU Data is specified as the contents attached in the end.

## 9. LED Indicators

There will be a LED on each power module to indicate power status

( Detailed settings, please refer to the Module Description )

## 10. Buzzer Indicators

The backplane has an audio buzzer to indicate that one module has failed or shutdown due to protection. The warning buzzer will sound continuously. It can reset warning buzzer by pressing the buzzer reset switch or by shorted (pull low) the buzzer reset connector.

Power system condition	Backplane Buzzer Status	
No AC input power to one power module only	Stoody by zzing	
after PS ON	Steady buzzing	
One power module not inserted or pulled out	Steady buzzing	
AC Input present/only standby mode	OFF	
Power module PS ON and output normal	OFF	
Any power module failure after PS ON	Steady buzzing	

## **11.PDB Mating Connector**

The power supply shall have a card edge to mate with the Low Profile Hybrid Power connector Interconnect system. The Matting connector at PDB side is Oupiin 9393-F4P50N11ACB30DA

#### Figure 3: DC Connector



## **11.1 Pin Assignment of DC Connector**



#### Figure 4 – Card Edge Pin Out Location

#### Table 35– Card Edge Pin Out Definition

Bottom Side				
Pin	Signal	Function	System/Backplane	
Name	Name		Connection	
B1	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B2	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B3	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B4	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B5	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B6	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B7	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B8	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B9	GND	Grounding	System GND	
B10	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	

B11	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B12	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B13	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B14	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B15	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B16	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B17	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B18	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	
B19	A0(SMBus address)	See Table 20	From the overtem pottings	
B20	A1(SMBus address)		From the system settings	
B21	12VSB	+12VSB Power output To System 12VSB BUS		
Paa	Cold Redundancy	See application note for detail	Connect pin to pin at backplane for each	
DZZ	Bus		power module	
<b>D</b> 22	101 8	12V Load Share	Connect pin to pin at backplane for each	
DZJ	1213		power module. See table 40 for details	
<b>B</b> 24	DDECENT	Indicate if a power has been	Electing via backplane	
DZ4	FRESENT	plugged in.		
		The power supply shall use on	e pin on the output connector to check that	
		a power supply is compatible before powering on in the system. This is		
	Compatibility	accomplished via a bus connected between all power supplies in the		
B25	Compatibility Chock nin	system. One power supply in the system shall provide a voltage on the		
		compatibility bus; the others shall see if the voltage is the same as what it		
		expects for compatibility before powering ON their main outputs. See		
		table 41 for voltage range.		

#### Table 36 Card Edge Pin Out Definition

TOP Side				
Pin	Signal	Function	System/Backplane	
Name	Name		Connection	
A1	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A2	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A3	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A4	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A5	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A6	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A7	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A8	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A9	GND	Grounding	System GND	
A10	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS	

A11	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A12	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A13	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A14	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A15	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A16	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A17	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A18	+12V	+12V power output	To System 12V BUS
A19	SDA	I2C DATA	To Syetem I2C BUS
A20	SCL	I2C CLOCK	To Syetem I2C BUS
		Module PSON. Remote	
A21	PSON	control power On/Off	From System On/Off Controller
		(Pulled LOW = POWER ON)	
		If PSU FAIL, FAN FAIL, OCP	
		occurs, signal will be pulled	
A22	SMB_ALERT	from High to Low ,	To system related bus
		PSU normal =High(TTL	
		LEVEL)	
100		+12V Remote sense For	
AZS	RETURN_5	GND	To System GND
A24	+12VRS	+12V Remote sense	To System 12V BUS
		Power Good Output. Signal is	
A25	PWOK	pulled HIGH by PSU to	To System Power Good
		indicate all outputs ok.	

#### Table 37:Load Share Voltage Range (B23 PIN)

Parameter Description (For single output of +12V)	Min	Тур	Мах
Vishare Voltage, 50% load	3.8V	4V	4.2V
Vishare Volatge, 100% laod	7.7V	8V	8.3V

#### Table 38:Compatibility Voltage Range (B25 PIN)

Description	Min	Тур	Max
Compatibility Check pin	1.65V	1.8V	1.95V

Figure 5 Power Supply Compatibility Bus Voltage Chart



 Table 39 I<sup>2</sup>C Address Set Table(For Module)

PSU address A1/A0	0/0 (PSU1)	0/1 (PSU2)
IPMI FRU Device (Optional)	A0	A2
MCU Device	B0	B2

#### Table 40: I<sup>2</sup>C Address Set Table(For PDB)

PDB address	
IPMI FRU Device(Optional)	0xAC
MCU Device	0xBE

Note : PMBus device of addressing the above specifications are 8-bit Description

## 12. Mechanical Drawing

Size: 230mm (L) x 76mm (W) x 84mm (H)

